Programme	:	Diploma in CE
Programme Code	:	01 /15
Name of Course Course Code	:	Theory of Structures AM566

#### **Teaching Scheme:**

- W. C. W.	Hours /Week	Total Hours
Theory	04	64
Practical	01	16

#### **Evaluation Scheme:**

	Progressive	Semester End Examination			
	Assessment	Theory	Practical	Oral	Term work
Duration	Two class tests, each of 60 minutes	3			
Marks	20	80	-	×÷ –	25

#### **Course Rationale:**

Concepts and principles involved in the design of various structures are covered in this subject. The application of theoretical concepts & principles in practical, field situations is essential. Integration of the principles used to solve the field problems would help the students in understanding the concepts.

# **Course Objectives:**

After studying this course, student will be able to :-

- Identify various elements of a structure.
- Understand basic principles.
- Appreciate the importance of the principles.
- Identify & Analyze the given problem
- Apply the basic principals in solving the problem.

# **Course Content:**

Chapter No.	Name of Topic/Sub topic			Weig htage	
		SECTION-I			
1	Dire	ect & Bending Stresses:			
4	1.1	Concept of direct and eccentric loads. Condition for no tension or zero stress on extreme fibers, limit of eccentricity,	5		
1	1.2	Maximum and minimum stresses, core of section for solid rectangular, square and circular sections only. (No derivation in the examination to be asked.) Columns of uniform sections subjected to lateral wind	10	10 12	
1	1.3	pressure, Coefficient of wind pressure, stress distribution at base.			
	1.4	Analysis of structures, retaining water and earth-level up to top level, calculation of maximum & minimum stresses at base.		C.	
	1.5	Stability conditions for dams and retaining walls.			
2	Prin	cipal Planes and Principal Stresses:			
	2.1	Concept of simple shear, complementary shear, normal stress, tangential stress, resultant stress.			
1	2.2	.2 Definition of principal planes and principal stresses. Maximum shear stress, position of planes subjected to max_shear stress		12	
1.6	2.3	Planes carrying resultant stress having maximum angle of obliquity. Mohr's Circle method.	1.		
3	Tors	sion -	1.1		
	3.1	Theory of pure torsion. Torsion equation.			
	3.2	Strength of solid & hollow circular shaft, polar modulus of section, power transmitted by shafts.	04 04		
	3.3	Simple problems on calculation of angle of Twist, shear test, torsional moment of resistance.( No problems on design of shafts to be asked in the examination.)			
		CATION FOR PM			

4	Slop	e and Deflection -		
	4.1	<ol> <li>Concept of slope and deflection, stiffness of beams, flexural rigidity of beams. Relation between slope, deflection and radius of curvature, differential equation.(No derivation to be asked in examination.)</li> <li>Slope &amp; deflection by standard formulae. Calculation of slope &amp; deflection of simply supported, cantilever, overhanging beams subjected to concentrated and uniformly distributed loads by Macaulay's method.</li> </ol>		12
57.,	_	(Calculations involving solutions of cubical expressions for maximum deflection are not expected).		١.,
1 (	4.3	Propped cantilevers, reactions of prop by superposition theorem, bending moment and shear force diagram for rigid props.(No numerical problems involving solution by integration is expected. Use of standard formula only.)		2
	1	SECTION-II		
5.	Fixe	ed Beams		
	5.1	Concept of fixity, effect of fixity, advantages and disadvantages, fixed end moments, principle of superposition.	08	10
6	5.2 Formula for fixed beams subjected to concentrated loads and uniformly distributed load over entire span. FEMS using standard formula		2	
2.7	5.3	Drawing shear force and bending moment diagrams. No problems on fixed beams carrying partial udl.	10	
6	Con	tinuous Beams	1.65	
3	6.1	Definition, effect of continuity, nature of moments induced due to continuity, deflected shape.	Ŧ	
20	6.2	Clapeyron's theorem up to <b>two span only</b> , supports at same level, equal or unequal, Flexural rigidity EI, subjected to concentrated and uniformly distributed loads over entire span.	08	12
	6.3	The beams with fixed end and overhand are also to be taken.		

7	Mor	nent Distribution Method		
	7.1	Introduction, sign convention, carry over factors, stiffness factors, distribution factor.		
	7.2	Application of moment distribution method to various types of two spans continuous beams and propped cantilevers having rigid supports at same levels subjected to concentrated and uniformly distributed loads over entire span.	08	10
8	Colu	umns		
10	8.1 8.2	Definition, types and classification of columns-long & short. Concept of buckling, different end conditions, effective length radius of gyration slenderness ratio	X	
	8.3	Euler's theory, assumptions, buckling load, factor of safety. Safe load, application of Euler's theory to various sections & built-up sections. (Analysis problems only).	06	08
	8.4	Empirical formula – Rankine's formula, for calculating load for various sections & built-up section (No derivation in theory examination).		
11 9	Č.,	Total	64	80

# List of Practicals/Experiments/Assignments:

Sr. No.	Name of Experiment/Assignment	Hrs
1.	Assignment No. 1	02
2.	Assignment No. 2. 3 Problems by Mohr's circle method. Verification by Analytical Method	04
3.	Assignment No.3.	02
4.	Assignment No. 4.	02
5.	Assignment No.5.	02
6.	Assignment No. 6.	02
7.	Assignment No. 7.	02
	Total	16

# **Instructional Strategy:**

Sr. No.	Торіс	Instructional Strategy
	SEC	CTION-I
1.	Direct & bending stresses	Lecture Method, Discussion
2.	Principal planes and principal stresses	Lecture Method, Discussion
3.	Torsion	Lecture Method, Discussion
4.	Slope and deflection	Lecture Method, Discussion & demo
27	SEC	TION-II
5.	Fixed beams	Lecture Method, Discussion & demo.
6.	Continuous beams	Lecture Method, Discussion & demo.
7.	Moment and distribution	Lecture Method, Discussion & demo.
8.	Columns	Lecture Method, Discussion & demo.

# **Text Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	M.V. Panchanadikar	Theory of structures	PVG Publication
2.	S.Ramamrutham	Theory of structures	Dhanpat Rai & Sons.
3.	B.Junnarkar & Adavi	Mechanics of structures	Charotar Publishing House,
4.	R.S. Biyani	Vol. I & II -Theory of Structure	Vrinda Prakashan

# **Reference Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	Bilber & Morris	Elements of Analysis of Structures	McGraw Hills
2.	Vazirani & Ratwani	Theory of structures	Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
3.	Singer & Pytel	Strength of materials.	Harper & Row Publishers, New Yark.

Diploma in Civil Engineering

# Learning Resources: Books, Models, Transparencies, IS Codes

#### **Specification Table:**

Sr.	Торіс		<b>Cognitive Level</b>	S	<b>T</b> - 4 - 1
No.		Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	lotal
	SE	CTION-I	Section Section 1		
1.	Direct & Bending stresses	2	4	6	12
2.	Principal Planes & Principal	2	2	8	12
	stresses				
3.	Torsion		4		4
4.	Slope & Deflection	2	2	8	12
	Total	06	12	22	40
	SE	<b>CTION-II</b>			
5.	Fixed Beams	4		6	10
6.	Continuous Beams	2	4	6	12
7.	Moment Distribution method	2	2	6	10
8.	Columns	2	2	4	8
	Total	10	08	22	40

(Prof. R.M. Koranne) (L.A.M.) Prepared By (Prof. S. B. Kulkarni)

(Prof.C.C. Dandvatimath) (I/c H.C.E.D.) Chairman, PBOS

Secretary, PBOS

Programme Programme Code	:	Diploma in CE 01 /15
Name of Course Course Code	:	Analysis & Design of R.C. Structures AM 567

# **Teaching Scheme:**

	Hours /Week	Total Hours
Theory	04	64
Practical	02	32

#### **Evaluation Scheme:**

	Progressive	Semester End Examination			
	Assessment	Theory	Practical	Oral	Term work
Duration	Two class tests, each of 60 minutes	03		C.	15
Marks	20	80	8 F - \	25	25

# Course Rationale:

Reinforced Cement Concrete is very widely used for almost all types of structures. As concrete can be cast in any shape, the architects prefer reinforced concrete as the main construction material; for residential, public and all other important decorative buildings. Hence, it becomes essential for every Civil engineer to study Properties & behavior of RCC.

While working as a supervisor, the diploma students should be aware of the basic concepts of RCC design & should be able to prepare, read & interpret structural drawings. The students should be familiar with the relevant IS codes & be aware of the standard requirements, while executing the construction work. He should be also capable of designing simple structures.

#### **Course Objectives:**

After studying this course, student will be able to :-

- Understand concept of RCC
- Know various methods for designing RCC structures
- Analyze given sections & will apply the knowledge of designing standard structural elements viz, slabs, beams, columns, staircase & footing; using Limit State Method
- Know the rules & regulations given in IS-456-2000
- Prepare, read and interpret a structural drawing.

#### **Course Content:**

Chapter No.	Name of Topic/Sub topic		Hrs	Weig htage
		SECTION-I		
1	Intr	oduction		
	1.1	Introduction to reinforced concrete,	04	04
	1.2	Advantages and limitations of RCC,		
	1.3	Various grades of Concrete and Steel.		
	1.4 Introduction to various loads with reference to IS 875- 1984.			
L C	1.5	I.S.Code requirements governing reinforcement detailing – Cover, max. & min. spacing, reinforcement percentage - max & min. for various structural components like slab, beam, column & footing.	1	
2	Intr	oduction to LSM	6.63	
See.	2.1	Methods of analysis & design of RCC members- WSM, LSM, Ultimate Load Theory (list of methods only). Definition and objectives of limit state method, Various	06	08
	2.2	Limit states, assumptions of LSM, advantages of LSM		
	over WSM.			
	2.3 Partial safety factors for materials and loads.			
	2.4 Stress diagram, neutral axis, balanced, over-reinforced and under reinforced sections.			
	2.5	Moment of Resistance. Its relation with bending		

	moment; design constants for different combinations of			
	concrete and steel grades.			
3	Torsion			
	3.1 Analysis of Singly reinforced sections (Capacity of the			
	section only).			
	3.2 Tee and L sections, advantages over rectangular			
	sections.			
	3.3 Conditions under which section can act as a flanged		16	
	section, calculation of effective flange width & MR of	12		
	the section.(Problems on MR of T beams with NA lying	14	10	
	in the web with $0.43 \text{ Xu} < \text{Df}$ are not to be asked in			
	Exam.	1.0		
	3.4 Concept of Doubly reinforce sections, conditions under			
	which they are provided. Calculation of capacity of the			
	section only.			
4	Design of Beams			
	4.1 Design of singly reinforced beams for given loading -			
	size given or size not given.			
	4.2 Design of doubly reinforced beams by LSM.			
	4.3 Design of T beams by LSM.	10	12	
	4.4 Moment and shear force diagram for rigid props.(No			
	numerical problems involving solution by integration is			
	expected. Use of standard formula only.)			
	SECTION-II			
5.	Limit State of Collapse for Shear & Bond			
	5.1 Concept of shear force and shear stress, diagonal			
	tension,	100		
	5.2 Necessity of shear reinforcement, shear taken by	1.5		
	concrete alone, design of vertical stirrups for shear	r		
	reinforcement, minimum or nominal shear			
	reinforcement.	10	10	
	5.3 Concept of bond, bond stress, flexural bond, anchorage		10	
	bond, development bond, anchorage length.			
	development length			
	5.4 Simple Numerical on calculation of development length			
	No problems to be asked on check for flexural bond			
	proorents to ce usines on encent for nertain oona.	1 1		

NH LOW

6	Desi	gn of Slabs		
	6.1	Types of slabs, concept of one way and two way action.		
	6.2	Design of one-way simply supported slabs for flexure.		
	6.3	Design of two way simply supported slabs with corners	10	1/
		free to lift.	10	14
	6.4	Design of cantilever slabs.		
	6.5	Design of a flight of a dog-legged staircase.		
7	Colu	imn & Footing		
	7.1	Assumptions of limit state of collapse- compression.		
	7.2	Classification of columns, min. eccentricity.		
17	7.3	<ul> <li>Analysis and design of axially loaded, short, square, rectangular and circular columns with lateral ties. (No helical steel).</li> <li>Design of square sloped footing for square columns loaded axially. Calculations of depth &amp; reinforcement for B.M. criteria only. (No checks for one way &amp; two way shear.)</li> </ul>		08
	7.4			
8	Colu	imns		
	8.1	Definition, types and classification of columns-long & short.		
	8.2	Concept of buckling, different end conditions, effective length, radius of gyration, slenderness ratio.		
16	<ul> <li>8.3 Euler's theory, assumptions, buckling load, factor of safety. Safe load, application of Euler's theory to various sections &amp; built-up sections. (Analysis problems only).</li> </ul>			08
2	8.4 Empirical formula – Rankine's formula, for calculating load for various sections & built-up section (No derivation in theory examination).			
2.5	1	Total	64	80

#### List of Practicals/Experiments/Assignments:

Sr.	Name of Experiment/Assignment	Hrs
No.		
	SECTION-I	
1.	Assignment No. 1.	06
2.	Assignment No. 2.	06
3.	Assignment No. 3.	04
	SECTION-II	
4.	Assignment No. 4.	08
5.	Assignment No. 5	08
10	Total	32

\* Term work shall consist of assignments and three half imperial size drawing sheets showing typical RCC details of slabs, beams, columns staircase and footings designed in the assignments.

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

Sr. No.	Торіс	Instructional Strategy			
	SECTION-I				
1.	Introduction	Lecture Method			
2.	Introduction to LSM	Lecture Method, discussion			
3.	Analysis of Beams	Lecture Method			
4.	Design of beams	Lecture Method.			
2		SECTION-II			
5.	Limit state of collapse	Lecture Method			
	for shear & bond				
6.	Design of Slabs	Discussion, Lecture Method			
7.	Column & Footing	Lecture Method.			

#### **Text Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	V.L. Shah & S.R. Karve	Illustrated RCC Design	Structures Publishers.
2.	B.C. Punmia	R.C. Structures	Std. Pub. Distributors
3.	H.J. Shah	Reinforced Concrete	Charotar Pub. House.
4.	P.C. Varghese	Limit State Design of Reinforced concrete	P.H.I. Pvt. Ltd.

# **Reference Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication		
1.	Purushothaman P.	R.C.Struct. Elements,	TMH Pub. Co. Ltd.,		
		Behaviour, ana. & Design			
2.	V.L.Shah & S.R.	Limit State Theory &	Structures Publication		
	Karve	Design of R.C.			
3.	N. Krishna Raju &	Reinforced Concrete Design	New Age International.		
	R.N.				
	Prakash.	and the second	a		
4.	M.L. Gambhir.	Reinforce Concrete Design	P.H.I. Pvt. Ltd.		

Learning Resources: Books, Relevant IS codes.

# **Specification Table:**

Sr.	Торіс					
No.	1	Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	i otai	
		SECTIO	N-I		·	
1.	Introduction	04			04	
2.	Introduction to LSM	04	04		08	
3.	Analysis of Beams		04	12	16	
4.	Design of beams	04		08	12	
	Total 12 08 20 40					
	Y (15)	SECTIO	N-II			
5.	L.S. of Collapse for Shear & Bond	02	02	06	10	
6.	Design of Slabs.	02	04	12	18	
7.	Column & Footing	02	04	06	12	
	Total 06 10 24 40					

(Prof. R.M. Koranhe) Prepared By (Prof. S. B. Kulkarni) Secretary, PBOS (Prof. C.C. Dandvatimath) Chairman, PBOS

: Diploma in CE
: 01 /15
: Project & Seminar
: CE 561

# **Teaching Scheme:**

	Hours /Week	
Theory		
Practical	08	128

#### **Evaluation Scheme:**

	Progressive	Semester End Examination				
	Assessment	Theory	Practical	Oral	Term work	
Duration	Two class tests, each of 60 minutes	E	1		- 16	
Marks	50		F	50	50	

# Course Rationale:

The Project work is included in the curriculum to encourage the students to undertake and tackle an independent problem related to Civil Engineering field. The project also comprises of literature survey of a problem assigned. Students will be acquainted with the skill required for independent thinking and applications to a problem where he can develop in himself, self reliance.

# **Course Objectives:**

After completing the project work, the student will be able to:

- Work independently as a leader as well as member of a team.
- Collect data and prepare a report of these activities.
- Use and integrate knowledge of different subjects to prepare working drawings of scheme.
- Draw detail drawing considering rules and laws for submission to sanctioning authority.

• Make simple designs according to data collected with the help of handbooks, standard data books, I.S. codes etc.

Chapter No.	Name of Topic/Sub topic	Hrs	Weig htage		
1	Main Project				
s)	1.1 The students will select a topic related to any course in the curriculum, design various units involved & submit a report of the work done. The Project work will be done by a group of 4 to 6 students. Oral will be based on term-work.	64	75		
2	Road Project				
	<ul> <li>2.1 Road project for all students for a road length of about</li> <li>1 Km with at least one cross drainage work. First sheet</li> <li>on key plan, longitudinal section and cross section.</li> <li>Second sheet on details of cross drainage work will be</li> <li>prepared. Oral will be based on term work.</li> </ul>	40	45		
3	Seminar				
	3.1 Each student will select a topic related to technical field and collect detailed information on it. He / She will prepare a report & deliver a seminar on it. Seminar presentation will be assessed internally.	24	30		
1.1	Total	128	150		

#### **Course Content:**

	OR –( B) – Inplant Training		
<b>4.</b> In	plant training		
4.	The students will be placed in an industry for a period of 16 weeks. He will work 6 days in a week for 8 hours / day (768 hours). During the industrial training programme the students will get familiar with filed- work, skills and can co-relate his theoretical knowledge in the field. He will be familiar with field atmosphere and will get hands on experience on various construction activities, such as interpretation of drawing, Measurements & working out quantities. He will also supervise various activities on construction site such as concreting, masonry work, and finishing works. The students will maintain a daily diary in systematic manner & prepare a report on his in plant training.	768	150

The in plant training of the student will be monitored by a staff member from the institute once in a month

(Prof. C.C. Dandvatimath) I/c HCED Prepared By (Prof. S. B. Kulkarni) C.D.C. Incharge Secretary, PBOS (Prof. C.C. Dandvatimath) I/c H.C.E.D. Chairman, PBOS

Programme Programme Code	:	Diploma in CE 01 /15
Name of Course Course Code	:	Estimation & Costing CE 562

#### **Teaching Scheme:**

	Hours /Week	Total Hours
Theory	4	64
Practical	2	32

#### **Evaluation Scheme:**

	Progressive	Semester End Examination				
	Assessment	Theory	Practical	Oral	Term work	
Duration	Two class tests, each of 60 minutes	4		C.	15	
Marks	20	80	8 F 🔿	25	25	

# Course Rationale:

The subject is of core Technology - Diploma Students will learn concepts, principles and procedures of Estimation and Contracts. The students should be able to (i) find the cost of Civil Engg structure (ii) calculate the quantities of material required (iii) Measurement of quantities during construction and after construction for necessary payments and also for repair and maintenance (v) P.W.D. procedure of Execution of Civil Engg works. (vi)Know administrative procedure to be - followed, for preparing Tender documents. Allotment of works to contractor, and supervision at the time of construction, economically by achieving the required strength.

#### **Course Objectives:**

After studying this course, student will be able to :-

- To prepare Estimate before construction
- To know modes and units of measurements, Rules for deduction as per IS 1200 for items.

- To draft specifications.
- To prepare rate analysis.
- To know procedure of Execution in P.W.D. and by Builders, contractors
- To understand the Administrative procedure to be followed at the time of execution of the project
- To know how to maintain accounts of expenditure of the project.

#### **Course Content:**

Chapter No.	er Name of Topic/Sub topic		Hrs	Weig htag e
11		SECTION-I	1.1	
1	Тур	es of Estimates	- N.	
	1.1	Meaning of the terms - Estimating & Costing & Valuation.		
	1.2	Purpose of Estimating & costing,		
	1.3	Types of Estimates		
	1.4	Uses of approximate estimates, method of approximate Estimate for buildings, roads, bridges. Irrigation works, water supply and sanitary works,	06	10
	1.5	Detailed estimates, its uses and types Detailed Estimate for New works,		
- A.	1.6	Revised estimate, Supplementary estimate,		
C B	1.7	Repair - Maintenance and Additions & alteration Estimates	1	•
2	Moo	des of Measurement	1.1	
31	2.1	Modes of Measurements of items of work as per P.W.D. and IS-1200.	03	06
55 N.	2.2	Desired accuracy in taking measurements	1.00	
3	Deta	ailed Estimates		
	3.1	Requirements for preparing detailed Estimate		
	3.2	Procedure for preparing detailed estimate		
	3.3	Procedure of taking out quantities for different items. Long wall short wall method, Centre line method.	10	16
	3.4	Road Estimates, Quantities for Earth work in roads dams, canals, sectional area method, mean area method, trapezoidal method, prismoidal formula method.		

	3.5	Standard measurement sheet and abstract sheet.			
	3.6	Provisions to be made in detailed Estimates- contingencies, Work charged Establishments, water supply and sanitary works, electrification, Tools and plant, Quality control charges. Provisional quantities, provisional sum. Prime cost items			
	3.8	Small Exercises. Preparation of schedule of Bars.			
4.	4. Water Supply and Sanitary Works				
	4.1	Method of measurement of water supply and sanitary works based on IS-1200.			
	4.2	Detailed estimate of water supply system, sanitary system &drainage in building.	05	08	
7 T		SECTION-II	10		
5.	Rat	e Analysis			
	5.1	Definition of Rate analysis, factors affecting rate analysis	- 1		
	5.2	Market rates of materials & labours. Requirements for preparing rate analysis.			
	5.3	Definition of Task work, Task works of items, factors affecting Task work, Transportation charges, vehicles for transporting materials and their capacities.	07	12	
	5.4	Preparing rate analysis for items of Civil Engineering works, Schedule of rates			
6.	Spe	cifications			
	6.1	Definition of specifications and its necessity.	1		
6.2 Types of specifications. Point framing the specification of an information to be given in spec		Types of specifications. Points to be considered in framing the specification of an item. List of necessary information to be given in specification of an item.	07	12	
14	6.3	Drafting specification for building items. Standard specification book.	2		
7.	Val	uation			
	7.1	Definition and necessity of valuation. Definition of cost, price and value and differences between them.			
	7.2	Types of values - book value, scrap value salvage value, speculation value, distress value, factors affecting value.	10	10 16	
	7.3 Definition of depreciation and obsolescence, sinking fund				

. N	1.0	Total	48	80
1	7.9	Mortgage, Mortgage deed precautions while making mortgage.	N	
7.8 Lease hold property, free hold property, types of lease.				
-/-	7.7 Land acquisition act and its basic principle.			
	7.6	Fixation of rent as per P.W.D. practice.		
1.1	7.5	valuation, Book value method, replacement value method & comparison method.		
	7.4	Methods of calculating depreciation. Straight line method, sinking fund method, contract percentage method, quantity survey method. Computation of capitalized value, gross income outgoing, net-Income, years purchase. Types of outgoings and their percentage. Valuation of lands and buildings factors affecting their		
	74	Methods of calculating depreciation Straight line		1

# List of Practicals/Experiments/Assignments:

Sr.	Name of Practical/Experiment/Assignment	Hrs
INO.		
1.	Detailed Estimate of a Bldg at least 3-4 rooms with Flat roof.	06
2.	Detailed Estimate of any one of the following works .i) Septic Tank ii)	04
	Sump well iii)Community well	
3.	Estimate of any one of the following (only given below items) i)Two	06
	room R.C.Cbldg ii)R.C.C.Cycle stand iii)R.C.C. bus stand iv)Elevated	
	service reservoir a)Concrete Quantities b)Form work c)Steel	
	Quantities	
4.	Detailed Estimate Bitumen Road with Earth work	04
5.	Detailed Estimate of any one i) Pipe culverti i) Slab culvert iii)	06
	Canal iv) K.T. weir	
6.	Prepare rate analysis for five items.	04
7.	Drafting of detailed specification for five items.	02
	Total	32

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

Sr. No.	Торіс	Instructional Strategy				
SECTION - I						
1.	Types of Estimates	Class room teaching				
2.	Modes of Measurement	Class room teaching, models				
3.	Detailed Estimates Class room teaching, transparencies					
4.	Water Supply and Sanitary	Class room teaching				
	Works					
	SEC	CTION - II				
5.	Rate Analysis	Market Survey				
6.	Specifications	Class room teaching				
7.	Valuation	Class room teaching				

# **Text Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	B. N. Datta	Estimating & costing	UBS Publishers &
	1.18	of the local division of the local divisiono	Distributors Ltd. 5 Ansari
			Road, Delhi.
2.	G.S. Birdi	Estimating & costing	Dhanpat Rai & Sons. Delhi
3.	S.C. Rangawala	Elements of Estimating &	Charatar Publishers House
	1	costing	Anand
4.	B.N.	Estimating & costing,	M. Chakraborty, Calcatta
	Chakraborty	Specification & valuation	700026

# **Reference Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.		Standard specification book	Govt. of Maharashtra
2.	Superintendent Engg. P. W.D. Pune – Circle, Pune	Schedule of Rates	Govt. of Maharashtra
	" EDUC	ATTON FOR	S.S.

# FORSEL

# **Specification Table:**

Sr.	r. Topic Cognitive Levels				T-4-1			
No.		Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	Total			
SECTION-I								
1.	Types of Estimates	06	04		10			
2.	Modes of Measurement	04	02		06			
3.	Detailed Estimates	1000	06	10	16			
4.	Water supply & sanitary	04	1912	04	08			
	works							
	Total	14	12	14	40			
		SECTION-II						
5.	Rate Analysis	04	04	04	12			
6.	Specifications	04	04	04	12			
7.	Valuation	04	04	08	16			
	Total	12	12	16	40			

Prof.J.M.Sonar L.C.E. Prepared By (Prof. S. B. Kulkarni)

(Prof. C.C. Dandvatimath) I/c H.C.ED Chairman, PBOS

Secretary, PBOS

Programme Programme Code	:	Diploma in CE 01 /15
Name of Course Course Code	:	Irrigation Engineering CE563

#### **Teaching Scheme:**

	Hours /Week	Total Hours
Theory	4	64
Practical	02	32

#### **Evaluation Scheme:**

	Progressive	340	Semester En	nd Exami	nation
	Assessment	Theory	Practical	Oral	Term work
Duration	Two class tests, each of 60 minutes	3			-15
Marks	20	80	8 F - N	1	25

# Course Rationale:

India is basically an agricultural country and all its resources depend on agricultural output. Also, food production has to be increased to meet the increasing demand of food grains. Water is evidently the most vital resource in increasing agricultural out-put. Water is normally supplied to the plants by nature through rains. However, India has unequal distribution of rainfall over the country. This heads to the famine in one part and flood in other part of the country simultaneously. Proper distributions of water and flood control are the remedial measures that can be achieved through Irrigation and Irrigation Engineering. Therefore, knowledge of this applied technology course is must for the technicians like diploma holders to perform their duties when they are engaged in the field of Irrigation Engineering.

#### **Course Objectives:**

After studying this course, student will be able to :-

- To understand the procedure of investigation and data collection for Irrigation Projects.
- To enable the students to design & check feasibility of components of small Irrigation schemes.
- To promote ability of supervision of construction works of new Irrigation structures.
- To promote ability of supervision of construction works of new Irrigation structures.

#### **Course Content:**

Chapter No.	Name of Topic/Sub topic			Weig htage
SECTION	N-I			
1	Intro	oduction to Irrigation Engg.		
	1.1	Definition and necessity of Irrigation in India.		
	1.2	Types of Irrigation,		
	1.3	Advantages and Disadvantages of irrigation. Single	03	04
		and Multipurpose projects.		
	1.4	Data collection for Irrigation projects.		
2	Hyd	rology		
	2.1 2.2 2.3	<ul> <li>Precipitation, measurement of rainfall, rain gauges.</li> <li>Non-automatic and automatic rain gauges. Average rain-fall calculations - Arithmetic, average Method, Thiesson polygon method, Isohyetal Method.</li> <li>Catchments - Definition, types. Runoff - Factors affecting runoff computation of run-off. Inglis formula, Strange's table &amp; curves,</li> <li>Hydrograph. Estimation of yield from catchment.</li> <li>Maximum flood discharge - factors contributing value of MFD. Methods of estimation of MFD - Empirical formula,</li> </ul>	06	08
	2.4	River Gauging. Simple numerical problems on above sub-topics.		

3.1       Cropping seasons and crops in Maharashtra.         3.2       Definitions of terms - Crop season, crop period, base period, crop rotation, Intensity of Irrigation, command area, Gross command area, Culturable command area, Irrigable command area, Crop pattern.       07       08         3.3       Duty & Delta, Relation between duty & delta, factors affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time factor, capacity factor.       07       08         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity - Elevation and Area - elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       08       10         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.       4.3       Reservoir sediment control,       08       10         4.5       Evaporation for meservoir, method of reducing evaporation.       08       10         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir levels.       08       10         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.       08       10         5.2	3	Wate	er requirements of crops		
3.2       Definitions of terms - Crop season, crop period, base period, crop rotation, Intensity of Irrigation, command area, Gross command area, Culturable command area, Irrigable command area, Crop pattern.       07       08         3.3       Duty & Delta, Relation between duty & delta, factors affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time factor, capacity factor.       07       08         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       08       10         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.       08       10         4.3       Reservoir sediment control,       08       10         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.       08       10         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of servoir - fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08       10         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.       08       10         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tue well, Yield of wells. Methods of determini		3.1	Cropping seasons and crops in Maharashtra.		
a       period, crop rotation, Intensity of Irrigation, command area, Gross command area, Culturable command area, Irrigable command area, Crop pattern.       07       08         3.3       Duty & Delta, Relation between duty & delta, factors affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time factor, capacity factor.       07       08         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       08       10         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.       08       10         4.3       Reservoir sediment control,       08       10         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.       08       10         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of servoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08       10         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.       08       10         5.2       Weth Irrigation       09       09       08       10         5.3		3.2	Definitions of terms - Crop season, crop period, base		
area, Gross command area, Culturable command area, Irrigable command area, Crop pattern.       07       08         3.3       Duty & Delta, Relation between duty & delta, factors affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time factor, capacity factor.       07       08         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation of reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       08       10         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.       08       10         4.3       Reservoir sediment control,       08       10         4.4       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08       10         5.       Minor Irrigation       06       08       10         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield - recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08       10			period, crop rotation, Intensity of Irrigation, command		
Irrigable command area, Crop pattern.       07       08         3.3       Duty & Delta, Relation between duty & delta, factors affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time factor, capacity factor.       07       08         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.       Reservoir Planning :       07       08         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity - Elevation and Area - elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       08       08         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.       08       08       10         4.3       Reservoir sediment control,       07       08       10         4.4       reservoir sediment control,       08       10         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.       08       10         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08       10         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.		1.1	area, Gross command area, Culturable command area,		
3.3       Duty & Delta, Relation between duty & delta, factors affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time factor, capacity factor.       07       08         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal       1       1         4.       Reservoir Planning :       1       1         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       1       1         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.       1       1       1         4.3       Reservoir sediment control,       4       1       1       1         4.4       reservoir sediment control,       1		1	Irrigable command area, Crop pattern.	07	00
affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time factor, capacity factor.         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal         4.       Reservoir Planning :         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting,         4.4       reservoir sediment control,         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08         5.       Minor Irrigation       5.1         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08       10         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08       10	2.87	3.3	Duty & Delta, Relation between duty & delta, factors	07	08
infactor, capacity factor.       infactor, capacity factor.         3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal         4.       Reservoir Planning :         4.       Reservoir Planning :         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       ister and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       ister and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir sediment control,       ister and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir sediment control,       ister and Area – elevation - factors affecting silting,       ister and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sediment control,       ister and area – elevation curves of reservoir.       ister and area – elevation of reducing evaporation.         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir – dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       ister and area – elevation and top of bund level.         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.       ister and area for a fixing control levels.       ister and area and area for a reservoir tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme such as<			affecting duty, Methods of improving duty. Time	1.11	
3.4       Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal         4.       Reservir Planning :         4.       Reservir Planning :         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting,         4.4       reservoir sediment control,         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08         4.7       Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels         5.       Minor Irrigation         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08	1		factor, capacity factor.	10	
4.       Reservir Planning :         4.1       Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting,         4.4       reservoir sediment control,         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08         4.7       Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels       08         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.       08         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08	7.0	3.4	Simple problems on water requirements & capacity of Canal	N	
4.1Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,Image: Capacity - Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,Image: Capacity - Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,Image: Capacity - Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,Image: Capacity - Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir.Image: Capacity - Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir.Image: Capacity of reservo	4.	Rese	rvoir Planning :		
capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,       4.2         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting,         4.4       reservoir sediment control,         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.         4.7       Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels         5.       Minor Irrigation         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08       10	- N	4.1	Investigation for reservoir planning - computation of		
and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water         tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,         4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting,         4.4       reservoir sediment control,         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing         evaporation.       4.6         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage,         flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control         levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir         level, high flood level and top of bund level.         4.7         Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells.         Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests.       08         Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme such as		1.11	capacity from basin contour map, Capacity – Elevation		
4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting,         4.4       reservoir sediment control,         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.       08         4.7       Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels         5.       Minor Irrigation         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08       10         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08       10			and Area – elevation curves of a reservoir site. water		
4.2       Selection of site for a reservoir.         4.3       Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting,         4.4       reservoir sediment control,         4.5       Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing         evaporation.       4.6         4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage,         flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control         levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir         level, high flood level and top of bund level.         4.7       Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels         5.       Minor Irrigation         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells.         Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests.       08         Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme such as		1.2	tightness of reservoir, suitability of foundation,		
4.3Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting, reservoir sediment control,08104.4reservoir sediment control,08104.5Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.08104.6Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.08104.7Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels08105.Minor Irrigation5.1Definition, types and study of an aquifer. Simethods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.08105.3Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as0810		4.2	Selection of site for a reservoir.		
4.5Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation.08104.6Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir 	1	4.3 4.4	Reservoir sedimentation - factors affecting silting, reservoir sediment control,	00	10
4.6       Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage, flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.         4.7       Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels         5.       Minor Irrigation         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08       10         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08       10	- B	4.5	Evaporation from reservoir, method of reducing evaporation	08	10
flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir level, high flood level and top of bund level.4.7Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels5.Minor Irrigation5.1Definition, types and study of an aquifer. 5.25.2Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. 	N 15	4.6	Calculation of dead storage, live storage, gross storage,	1	
Interface	1 N		flood absorption capacity of reservoir. Fixing control	1.8	
Initial Initia	6.5		levels of reservoir - dead storage level, full reservoir	163	
4.7       Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels         5.       Minor Irrigation         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08	1.55		level, high flood level and top of bund level.	-	
5.       Minor Irrigation         5.1       Definition, types and study of an aquifer.         5.2       Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.       08       10         5.3       Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as       08       10		4.7	Simple numerical examples on fixing control levels		
5.1Definition, types and study of an aquifer.5.2Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.08105.3Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as0810	5.	Mine	or Irrigation		
<ul> <li>5.2 Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells. Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits &amp; demerits of well Irrigation.</li> <li>5.3 Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as</li> </ul>		5.1	Definition, types and study of an aquifer.		
Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.08105.3Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as08		5.2	Well Irrigation - Open well, tube well, Yield of wells.		
5.3 Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as			Methods of determining yield- recuperation tests. Merits & demerits of well Irrigation.	08	10
		5.3	Lift Irrigation - Definition, Layout of lift Irrigation scheme - components of lift Irrigation scheme such as		

		intake well, jack-well & pump house, rising main, main distribution chamber, gravity main.		
	5.4	Percolation Tank - Necessity, selection of site, Component parts and construction,		
	5.5	Underground bandhara.		
S	5.6	Micro Irrigation - types of micro Irrigation – sprinkler and drip Irrigation - component parts, layout, operation and maintenance of scheme, merits &demerits, precautions to be taken for efficient working.		
	-	SECTION-II	NC.	
6.	Gra	vity Dams		
	6.1	Classification of dams according to its use, hydraulic design, material.		
	6.2	Gravity dams - Forces acting on gravity dam, condition of stability, theoretical and practical profile, High & low dams.		G
	6.3	Component parts and construction details of gravity dam.	08	10
	6.4	Function of drainage gallery, transverse gallery, Longitudinal gallery,		
	6.5	Outlets in gravity dams, Joints, keys and water seals in gravity dams.		۰.
1.1	6.6	Simple numerical examples on conditions of stability of a gravity dam.		1
7.	Eart	then Dams	72	
2.1	7.1	Types of earthen dams, materials used.	1.0	
52.0	7.2	Components of earthen dam & their functions.		
- 2	7.3	Typical cross-sections of an earthen dam According to nature of foundation strata and its depth.		
	7.4	Seepage through earthen dams, methods to reduce Seepage through embankment & foundation. Phreatic line & its characteristics.Slope protection,	08	10
	7.5	Criteria for safe design of earthen dam. Construction and causes of failure of earthen dam.		

	7.6	Outlets through earth dams, function & component parts.		
8.	Spill	ways		
	8.1	Definition, purpose, Types of spillways - with & without gates-ogee spillway, conditions favoring each type. Energy dissipation below spillways, stilling basin.	03	04
	8.3	Spillway crest gates - Radial and vertical lift gates.		
9.	Dive	rsion head-works		
7	9.1	Layout of diversion head-work - its component parts and their function - weir or barrage, divide wall, pocket, scouring sluices, silt excluder, silt extractor, fish ladder.	03	04
1.10	9.2	Weirs - Functions, site selection, types - sloping weir,		
		vertical drop weir, situation favoring its construction,		
	9.3	K.T.Weir component & construction.		100
10	Cana	als		
	10.1	Definition, classification - based on the function and relative importance in the network of canals.		7.
	10.2	Canal alignments - ridge canal, contour canal, side slope canal		111
1	10.3	Typical cross section of canals, balancing depth of canal, canal discharge, Design of cross section of canals.		٠
16	10.4	Canal structures - Necessity location & function of Head regulators, cross regulators, canal falls, canal escapes, canal outlets.	1.	
Shine and	10.5	Cross-drainage works-Types - C.D. work carrying Canal over the drainage - Aqueduct, C.D. work carrying drainage over the canal - super-passage, canal siphon, C.D. work admitting the drainage water into the canal - level crossing. Selection of suitable type of C.D. work.	08	08
	10.6	Losses of water in canals. Canal lining- Definition, materials used advantages of providing canal lining, Types of canal lining.		
	10.7	Canal out-lets - location, function, requirement and types of canal outlets.		

	10.8	Maintenance of canals		
	10.9	Simple problems on design of canal cross section.		
	10.10	Definition, causes and control of water logging.		
11.	Wate	rshed Development:		
	11.1	Definition, Necessity of Watershed Development,		
	11.2	Works undertaken-Contour trenching, Nalla bunding,	02	04
		Vasant	02	04
		bandhara, slope protections, plantation.		
		Total	64	80

# List of Practicals/Experiments/Assignments:

Sr.	Name of Experiment/Assignment	Hrs
No.		
1.	Assignment on Hydrology	04
2.	Assignment on Water requirement of crops	04
3.	Assignment on Reservoir Planning	04
4.	Assignment on Minor Irrigation.	04
5.	Assignment on Gravity Dams	04
6.	Assignment on Earthen Dams.	04
7.	Assignment on Spillways	04
8.	Assignment on Canals	04
	Total	32

# **Instructional Strategy:**

Sr. No.	Торіс	Instructional Strategy			
	SECTION -I				
1.	Introduction to Irrigation Engg.	Class-room teaching			
2.	Hydrology	Class-room teaching			
3.	Water Requirements of Crops	Class-room teaching			
4.	Reservoir Planning	Class-room teaching & Visit			
5.	Minor Irrigation	Class-room teaching & Visit			
	SECTION - II	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
6.	Dams	Visits, Class-room teaching			
7.	Earthen Dams	Visits, Class-room teaching			
8.	Spillways	Visits, Class-room teaching			
9.	Diversion Head works	Visits, Class-room teaching			
10.	Canals	Visits, Class-room teaching			
11.	Watershed Development	Visits, Class-room teaching			

# **Text Books:**

Sr.	Author	Title	Publication
No			24. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
1.	Punmia, B.C.,	Irrigation and water Power	Standard Publishers &
	Pande B.B. Lal	Engineering	Distributors, Delhi.
2.	Dahigaonkar	Test Book of Irrigation	Wheeler Publishing, Allahabad
	J.G.	Engineering	
3.	Gajare V.S.	Test Book of Irrigation	Nirali Prakashan, Pune - 2.
		Engineering	

#### **Reference Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	Garg S.K.	Irrigation and water Power Engineering	Khanna Publishers, Delhi - 6.
2.	Priyani V.B.	Irrigation Engineering	Charotar Book Stall, Anand

#### **Learning Resources:**

Charts / Drawings, Models, Books

# **Specification Table:**

Sr.	Торіс		Total		
No.		Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	Total
	S	<b>ECTION-I</b>	The second		
1.	Introduction to Irrigation	02	02		04
	Engineering	DUS 7			
2.	Hydrology	02	02	04	08
3.	Water Requirements of Crops	02	04	04	10
4.	Reservoir Planning		04	06	10
5.	Minor Irrigation	02	02	04	08
	Total	08	14	18	40
	S	ECTION-II			
6.	Dams	04		06	10
7.	Earthen Dams		04	06	10
8.	Spillways		02	02	04
9.	Diversion Head works		02	02	04
10.	Canals		04	04	08
11.	Watershed Development	02	02		04
	Total	06	14	20	40

(Prof. P.S. Dale ) Ex-H.CED., GPDL, Pune Prepared By (Prof. S. B. Kulkarni)

(Prof. C.C. Dandvatimath) I/c H.C.ED Chairman, PBOS

Secretary, PBOS

Programme Programme Code	:	Diploma in CE 01 /15
Name of Course Course Code	:	Environmental Engineering CE564

#### **Teaching Scheme:**

	Hours /Week	Total Hours
Theory	4	64
Practical	02	32

#### **Evaluation Scheme:**

1 1	Progressive	- 3.40	Semester	End Exa	mination
	Assessment	Theory	Practical	Oral	Term work
Durati on	Two class tests, each of 60 minutes	3	1	-	1/ -\Z
Marks	20	80		25	25

# **Course Rationale:**

Water plays a critical role in maintaining a balance between living things and the environment in which they live. The quest for pure water can benefit the life and health of everyone. Water purification is now confronted with a myriad of difficulties. Problems caused due to sources receiving greatly increased pollution loads of domestic and industrial wastes. This course is an attempt to present those essential principles and present day practices necessary to the solution of the problems of water collection, water purification and water distribution.

Every community produces both liquid as well as solid wastes. If the waste matter, created and given out by the human and animal life, is allowed to accumulate, it will get decomposed and will contaminate or pollute air, water and food. Hence it is essential to remove the contaminants from the waste water through appropriate treatment methods. This course is an attempt to present essential principles and modern practices and techniques in the field of sanitary Engineering.

#### **Course Objectives:**

After studying this course, student will be able to :-

#### **Section – I – Water supply Engineering :**

- Know various water demands and demand of water to city.
- Know standards of purity of water.
- Understand different methods of water treatment and design, construction and maintenance aspects of treatment units.
- Understand methods of distribution of water.

#### Section – II – Sanitary Engineering :

- Know the methods of collection and disposal of dry refuse in villages and town.
- Understand significance, use and maintenance of various sanitary fittings used for house drainage.
- Understand different methods of sewage treatment.
- Understand design, construction and maintenance of water carriage system of sewerage.

#### **Course Content:**

Chapte r No.	Name	e of Topic/Sub topic	Hrs	Weig htage
	1	SECTION-I		1111
1	Wate	r Supply Engineering Introduction :		
	1.1 1.2	General importance of water supply project. Need for protected water supply Sources of water supplies Surface and ground water sources requirements of source of water	+/	
12	1.3	Intakes – canal intake, river intake, reservoir intake. Location of intake works	03	04
1.0	1.4	Duties of water work Engineer.		
1	1.5	Air pollution, soil pollution, cause of air & soil pollution & remedies.	2	

2	Quan	tity of Water :		
	2.1	Demand – Meaning, factors affecting rate of demand.		
	2.2	Types of demand – Domestic, public, industrial, fire		00
		fighting, compensate losses demand. Per capita	06	
		Demand, design period.	UO	Vð
	2.3	Estimating population-Methods of population		
	1.20	forecasting. Factors affecting estimated population.		
3	Quali	ity of Water :		
	3.1	Potable/wholesome water		
	3.2	Reasons for analysis of water.		
	3.3	Impurities present in water.	2.2	
	3.4	Collection of water samples, precautions to be taken	0.2	04
		while collecting water samples.	03	
	3.5	Tests on water Physical, chemical and Bacteriological		
	1.1	tests.		
	3.6	Standards of water purity for portable water (As per		
	1.1	specification).		1.7
4.	Treat	tment of Water		
	4.1	Aeration: Objects, Methods of aeration.		
	4.2	Sedimentation: Plain sedimentation-objects, theory of		
	4.3	plain sedimentation. Types of tanks.		
	4.4	Sedimentation with coagulation. Purpose, Principle of		
		coagulation, Chemical coagulation, Advantages of alum,	1.1	12
		Feeding devices-wet feed and dry feed, Mixing devices,	1.1	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Flocculation, jar test for optimum coagulant dose.	10	
	4.5	Filtration:- 1) General 2) Theory of filtration	10	
		3)Requirements of Sand for filtration 4) Gravel for		
		filtration 5) Classification of filters 6) Slow Sand		
	1.0	filter (over-view) 7) Rapid Sand filters (gravity pipe)		
		Construction and working of rapid sand filters. Loss of		
	1.0	head and negative head and back washing of filters.		
		Comparison between slow sand & rapid sand filter		

	4.6	Objects of disinfection: Theory of disinfection, Minor methods of disinfection. Chlorination: Properties of chlorine, action of chlorine.		
	6	Application of chlorine forms of chlorinationBreak point chlorination-its importance, residual chlorine, Tests for chlorine, Orthotolodine test, starch-iodide test		
	4.7	Flow diagram of water treatment plant.		
5.	Conv	eyance and Distribution of water		
	5.1	Conveyance: Meaning, pipes used in conveyance of water		
	5.2	Joints in pipes, Laying and testing of pipes,	10	
	5.3	Valves- Sluice air relief, reflux, scour valve, their functions and location on pipeline.		12
	5.4	Distribution System: Gravity system, pumping system, Dual system. Layout of distribution system Dead end system, Grid iron system Circular system, Radial system.		
	5.5	ESR, GSR, service reservoir & their purpose		
	5.6	Systems of supply of water. Continuous system, Intermittent system		
	5.7	Water supply arrangement in buildings		
	1.0	SECTION –II	_	
6.	Sanit	ary Engineering Introduction	- 1	
	6.1	Necessity and principles of sanitation,		
	6.2	Some common terms used in sanitary Engineering,		
	6.3	Aims and objects of sewage-disposal. Conservancy system, water-carriage system, Merits and demerits of these systems. Types-separate, combined, partially separate system, their merits & demerits.	06	06
	6.4	Methods of collection, conveyance and disposal of dry refuse.		

7.	Quan	tity of sewage, sewers and sewer appurtenances		
	7.1	Sources of Sanitary sewage,		
	7.2	Factors affecting quantity of Sewage, Variations in quantity of Sanitary sewage, Peak flow, minimum flow, Storm water.		
	7.3	Factors affecting storm sewage. Design period Minimum velocity, maximum velocity or non-scoring and self-cleansing velocity, Size of sewers, Materials for sewers, sewer joints,	04	10
	7.4	Laying and testing of sewers.		
	7.5	Sewer Appurtenances: Manholes- types, purpose, location Inlets, Sand, Oil, and grease traps. Catch basins, Ventilation of Sewers.	N	
8.	Quali	ty of Sewage		
	8.1	Characteristics of Sewage-physical, chemical, biological.	04	
	8.2	Importance of B.O.D. aerobic and anaerobic decompositions.		04
	8.3	Chemical oxygen demand-COD its significance.		
9.	Sewag	ge Treatment		
	9.1	Objects of treatment, degree of treatment		
	9.2	.Primary treatment- Screens, Grit chamber, detritus tank Skimming tanks, clarifiers, coagulation.		
	9.3	Secondary treatment- Activated sludge process. Trickling filters.		1
	9.4	Sludge disposal methods- drying beds, disposal into sea,	10	10
		tanks		
	9.5	Effluent disposal methods, Septic tanks.		
10.	House	e drainage (Building sanitation):		
	10.1	Meaning, principles of house drainage		
	10.2	Traps- p. q. s. traps, floor trap, gully traps, interceptor traps Inspection chambers. Sanitary fittings – sinks,	08	10

		urinals, basins, flushing cisterns, water closets-Indian		
-	10.3	Systems of plumbing-single stack, one pipe system,		
		and one pipe partially ventilated Two pipe systems.		
1	10.4	Drainage plans of buildings. Testing & Maintenance of house drainage system. Role of State Pollution Control Board regarding water supply and Wastewater treatment.		
	20	Total	64	80

#### List of Practicals/Experiments/Assignments:

Sr.	Name of Experiment/Assignment	Hrs
<u>No.</u> 1.	Assignment- Collecting data regarding population of city / village and forecast population after 3 decades and find out the Total water demand	04
2.	Water Analysis. Conduct tests on water sample to determine its - 1) Turbidity 2) PH value 3)Total dissolved solids 4) Dissolved oxygen	04
3.	Conduct test on water Sample for determination of optimum dose of coagulant.*Visit to a water treatment plant to study various treatment units and functions. Prepare detailed visit report and flow chart.	08
4.	Study of different fixtures used in Building water supply like water meter, taps, elbow, bend, Junction, showers etc. Study of different types of joints and values.	04
5.	Visit to sewage treatment plant to study the different units and their functions and preparing layout plan and visit report.	08
6.	Visit to residential/ public buildings to study different systems of plumbing and sanitary fitting like W.C. Urinals, Flushing cisterns, Assignment –Prepare the layout plan of house drains system for two storied residential building and show all details like pipes, drains, traps I.C. etc.	04
	Total	32
L	SOUCATION FOR SPACE	

# **Instructional Strategy:**

Sr. No.	Торіс	Instructional Strategy				
	SECTION - I					
1.	Introduction	Chalk, board, Transparencies.				
2.	Quantity of water	Chalk, board				
3.	Quality of water	Chalk, board, Transparencies, Lab Work				
4.	Treatment of water	Chalk, board, chart, Visits				
5.	Conveyance and distribution of water	Chalk, board, Transparencies, field visit				
	SECTIO	N - II				
6.	Introduction	Chalk, board,				
7.	Quantity of Sewage, Sewers &	Chalk board				
	Appurtenances.					
8.	Quality of Sewage	Chalk, Black board, Models, field visit				
9.	Sewage Treatment	Chalk, board, Field visits				
10.	House drainage	Chalk, board, Model, Visits				

# **Text Books**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	S.C.Rangwala	Water supply & Sanitary Engineering.	Charotar Book Stall, Anand
2.	Santosh Garg.	Water supply & Sanitary Engineering	Khanna Publications, New Delhi
3.	G.S. Birdie & J.S. Birdie	Water supply & Sanitary Engineering	Dhanpat Rai & sons. New Delhi.

# **Reference Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	A Kamala	Environmental Engg.	Tata McGraw.
2.	V.N.Gharpure	Water supply Engg	Pune Engg. Book Publishing Co.
3.	V.N.Gharpure	Sanitary Engg.	Pune Engg. Book Publishing Co.

# **Specification Table:**

Sr.	Торіс		Tatal			
No.		Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	Total	
	SI	ECTION-I	and the second second			
1.	Introduction	04			04	
2.	Quantity of Water		04	04	08	
3.	Quality of Water	10.00	04		04	
4.	Treatment of Water	04	02	06	12	
5.	Conveyance & distribution of	04	04	04	12	
	water					
	Total	12	14	14	40	
	SE	CTION-II				
6.	Introduction	06		N - N	06	
7.	Quantity of Sewage, Sewers &	02	04	04	10	
	Sewers appurtenances					
8.	Quality of Sewage		04	/ 1	04	
9.	Sewage Treatment	04	04	02	10	
10.	House drainage	04	02	04	10	
	Total	16	14	10	40	

(Prof. P.S. Dale ) Ex-H.CED., GPDL, Pune Prepared By (Prof. S. B. Kulkarni)

(Prof. C.C. Dandvatimath) I/c H.C.ED Chairman, PBOS

Secretary, PBOS

Programme	:	Diploma in CE
Programme Code	:	01 /15
Name of Course	:	<b>Contracts &amp; Accounts</b>
Course Code	:	CE565

#### **Teaching Scheme:**

	Hours /Week	Total Hours	
Theory	03	48	
Practical	02	32	

#### **Evaluation Scheme:**

	Progressive	Semester End Examination			
1.1	Assessment	Theory	Practical	Oral	Term work
Duration	Two class tests each of 60 minutes.	3	1-1		-10
Marks	20	80	1-14	25	25

# **Course Rationale:**

The course is of core Technology - Diploma Students will learn concepts, principles and procedures of Contracts and Accounts. The students should be able to (i) P.W.D. procedure of Execution of Civil Engg works. (ii) Know administrative procedure to be - followed, for preparing Tender documents. Allotment of works to contractor, and supervision at the time of construction, economically by achieving the required strength.

#### **Course Objectives:**

After studying this course, student will be able to :-

- To know procedure of Execution in P.W.D. and by Builders, contractors
- To understand the Administrative procedure to be followed at the time of execution of the project.
- To know how to maintain accounts of expenditure of the project.
- Understand design, construction and maintenance of water carriage system of sewerage.

# **Course Content:**

Chapter No.	Name of Topic/Sub topic			Weig htage		
	-	SECTION-I				
1	1 Tenders and Tender documents					
	1.1	Inviting Quotations & Tenders.				
	1.2	Drafting of Tender notices,				
	1.3	Classification of tenders.				
2/1	1.4	Tender Notice and Information to be given in tender notice.	08	12		
1.1	1.5	Preparation of Tender document for Building Road & Irrigation works Scrutiny of tenders, work order	19			
2	Cont	tract				
	2.1	Definition, object and requirement of Valid contract.				
	2.2	Types of contracts. Lump sum, item rate,		1.00		
		percentage, cost plus percentage rate contract,	08	12		
		Labour contract and sub-contract, B.O.A.T. type				
		contract.		1.00		
3	Cone	ditions of contract				
	3.1	Earnest Money, security deposit, time limit and its importance.				
- 14	3.2	Important conditions of contracts like defect liability period		16		
1.2	3.3	Liquidated damages.	08	16		
0.0	3.4	Arbitration, Termination of contract, subletting of contract	1.			
N. 77	3.5	Escalation price and Extra items.	12	÷		
		SECTION -II	1.51			
4.	Metl	nods of Execution of works				
282	4.1	Fundamental principles of execution of work in P.W.D. & in private sector				
	4.2	Procedure for Administrative approval, technical	06	12		
	4.3	Procedure of execution or work by appointing various subcontractors in private sector.		12		

	4.4	Piece work, Rate list, day's work. Departmental method, Daily labour		
	4.5	Procedure of Registration as contractor in P.W.D. Various certificates required from corporation (Local bodies) in connection with construction.		
5.	Payn	nents of works and supplies		
	5.1	Measurement Book, Inspection and checking the measurement.	۶.	
	5.2	Method of measurement work and payment in private sector.	06	10
17	5.3	Interim payment, secured Advance, Advance payment, petty advances. Running Bill and Final Bills, Mobilization Advance, Bill Forms		
6.	Acco	unts		
	6.1	Classification of Accounts,		
	6.2	Heads of Accounts.		
	6.3	Importance of maintaining accounts of works and stores	06	08
	6.4	Daily diary, Imprest, Indent, bin card, work abstract, Computerization of accounts in office and store.		
7.	Arbi	tration		
14	7.1	Arbitration, duties & quality of Arbitrator needs of Arbitration.		
, E	7.2	Arbitration procedure of selflement of disputes in Civil Engineering contract by arbitration. Arbitration awards, setting aside of the award.	06	10
	7.3	Power of court to modify award. Renoval of arbitrators advantages of arbitration over a court decision.	enoval of er a court	
200	1	Total	48	80

# List of Practicals/Experiments/Assignments:

Sr.	Name of Practical/Experiment/Assignment	Hrs
<b>N0.</b>		
1.	Prepare following tender documents as per P.W.D. norms for	08
	building works. i) Tender Notice ii) Tender Agreement iii)	
	Schedule A & B	
2.	Assignment on conditions of contract	08
3.	Assignment on Payments of works and supplies	08
4.	Assignment on Arbitration.	08
	Total	32

# **Instructional Strategy:**

SECTION -I			
Sr. No.	Торіс	Instructional Strategy	
1.	Tender & Tender documents	Class room teaching	
2.	Contracts	Class room teaching	
3.	Conditions of contract	Class room teaching,	
	SECTI	ON - II	
4.	Methods of Execution of works	Class room teaching	
5.	Payments of works & supplies	Class room teaching	
6.	Accounts	Class room teaching	

# **Text Books :**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.	B. N. Datta	Estimating & costing	UBS Publishers & Distributors Ltd. 5 Ansari Road, Delhi.
2.	G.S. Birdi	Estimating & costing	Dhanpat Rai & sons
3.	S.C. Rangawala	Elements of Estimating & costing	Charatar Publishers House Anand
4.	B.S. Patil	Contracts and Estimates	Orient Longman Ltd. Delhi
5.	B.S.Chakraborty	Estimating & costing, Specification & valuation	M. Chakraborty, Calcatta 700026

# **Reference Books:**

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
1.		Standard specification book	Govt. of Maharashtra
2.	Superintendant Engg. P. W.D. Pune - Circle Pune	Schedule of Rates	Govt. of Maharashtra

Learning resources: Books, Schedule of rates, specification Book, Tender Documents.

#### **Specification Table:**

Sr.	Торіс	Cognitive Levels					
No.		Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	Total		
SECTION-I							
1.	Tender & Tender documents	06		06	12		
2.	Contracts	06	06		12		
3.	Conditions of contract	06	04	06	16		
	Total	18	10	12	40		
SECTION-II							
4.	Methods of Execution of works	04	04	04	12		
5.	Payments of works & supplies	02	02	06	10		
6.	Accounts	04	04	/	08		
7.	Arbritration	02	04	04	10		
	Total	12	14	14	40		

(Prof.C.C.Dandvatimath) H.CED. Prepared By (Prof. S. B. Kulkarni)

Secretary, PBOS

(Prof. C.C. Dandvatimath) I/c H.C.ED Chairman, PBOS